

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level and GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level

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MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/04

Paper 4

Maximum raw mark 60

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

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- 1 (a) (i) order w.r.t. NO = 2 [1]
order w.r.t. O₂ = 1 [1]
- (ii) rate = k[NO]²[O₂] [1]
- taking the first row: k = rate/([NO]²[O₂])
= 0.020/(0.005² × 0.005)
= **1.6 × 10⁵** ecf [1]
units = **mol⁻²dm⁶sec⁻¹** ecf [1]
- (iii) rate = k[NO]²[O₂]
= 1.6 × 10⁵ × 0.0025² × 0.0025
= **2.5 × 10⁻³** (mol dm⁻³ s⁻¹) ecf [1]
- [6]
- (b) (i) homogeneous [1]
- (ii) NO + ½ O₂ → NO₂
SO₂ + NO₂ → SO₃ + NO
(SO₃ + H₂O → H₂SO₄) [2]
- [3]
- [Total: 9]
- 2 (a) (i) K_{sp} = [Ca²⁺][SO₄²⁻] [1]
units are: mol²dm⁻⁶ ecf [1]
- (ii) [CaSO₄] = √K_{sp} = **5.5 × 10⁻³** (5.477 × 10⁻³)(mol dm⁻³) ecf [1]
- (iii) n(CaSO₄) in 100 dm³ = 5.5 × 10⁻³ × 100 = 0.55 moles ecf from (ii) [1]
- M_r(CaSO₄) = 136.1
- Thus mass(CaSO₄) = 0.55 × 136.1 = **74.8g** (0.55 × M_r) [1]
(if the accurate [CaSO₄] is held throughout the calculation, ans = **74.5g**) [5]
- (b) (i) down the group: the ΔH_{solution} becomes more endothermic;
both lattice energy **and** ΔH_{hydration} become less (exothermic);
due to **ionic** radius (of M²⁺) increasing;
but ΔH_{hydration} changes more than lattice energy *any three points* [3]
- (ii) K_{sp} = [Ba²⁺][SO₄²⁻] = (9 × 10⁻⁶)² = **8.1 × 10⁻¹¹** **NO** ecf [1]
- [4]
- (c) (i) LE is the energy change when **1 mole** of (ionic) solid [1]
is formed from its **gaseous ions** [1]
- (ii) LE(BaSO₄) < LE(MgSO₄), due to larger radius of Ba²⁺ both points [1]
- [3]
- [Total: 12]

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- 3 (a) (i) +2, +3, +4, +5 (ignore 0 and +1) all four [1]
- (ii) [Ar]3d² [1]
- (b) (i) take a fixed amount/aliquot/pipette-full of the Fe²⁺ solution [1]
- titrate with KMnO₄ in **the burette** [1]
- until the first permanent pink colour (*or* change from colourless to pink) [1]
- repeat until two titres are within 0.1 cm³ [1]
- $\text{MnO}_4^- + 8\text{H}^+ + 5\text{Fe}^{2+} \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} + 5\text{Fe}^{3+}$ [1]
- (*or* molecular equn.)
- (ii) $n(\text{MnO}_4^-) = 0.02 \times 14/1000 = 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$ moles [1]
- $n(\text{Fe}^{2+})$ in 25 cm³ = $2.8 \times 10^{-4} \times 5$ (x 5) [1]
- (= 1.4×10^{-3} moles)
- $n(\text{Fe}^{2+})$ in 100 cm³ = $1.4 \times 10^{-3} \times 4$ (x 4) [1]
- (= 5.6×10^{-3} moles)
- mass of Fe in 2.0 g ore = $5.6 \times 10^{-3} \times 55.8$
- = 0.31 g
- percentage = $100 \times 0.31/2 = \mathbf{15.6\%}$ (*use of 55.8 or 56 and %*) [1]
- (c) (i) Cu²⁺(aq) or [Cu(H₂O)₆]²⁺ [1]
- (ii) **pale blue ppt.** (of Cu(OH)₂(s)) [*ignore any refs. to iron hydroxides*] [1]
- (which dissolves to give....)
- a deep blue solution** [1]
- which contains [Cu(NH₃)₄]²⁺ ions (*can be read into equn, below*) [1]
- formed by ligand displacement [1]
- or* an equation such as
- $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + 4\text{NH}_3 \longrightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]^{2+} + 2\text{OH}^-$
- or* $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 4\text{NH}_3 \longrightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4]^{2+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

[9]

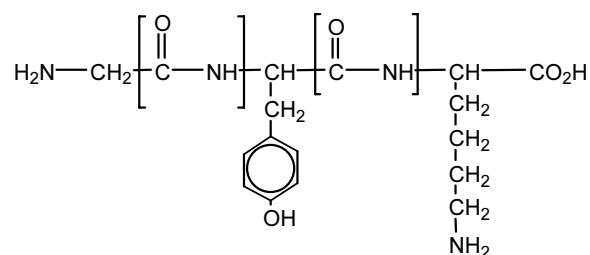
[5]

[Total: 16 max 14]

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- 4 (a) HCl or H_2SO_4 or H^+ or acid [1]
 conc(if HCl only)/dilute/aqueous + heat [1] [2]
- (b) two rings only (1 ring around the α -C of tyrosine & 1 around the α -C of lysine) [1] [1]
- (c) $^+NH_3CH_2CO_2^-$ (or displayed formula) [1] [1]
- (d) (i) $NH_2CH_2CO_2^- (Na^+)$ (either $-CO_2^-Na^+$ or $-CO_2Na$ but NOT $-CO-O-Na$) [1]
 (ii) $(Na^+) ^-O-C_6H_4-CH_2CH(NH_2)CO_2^- (Na^+)$ [1] + [1]
 (iii) $(Cl)^+NH_3(CH_2)_4CH(NH_3^+)CO_2H (Cl^-)$ [1] + [1]
 (iv) $HO-C_6H_2Br_2-CH_2CH(NH_2)CO_2H$ (if shown, Br at 2,6 to OH group) [1] [6]

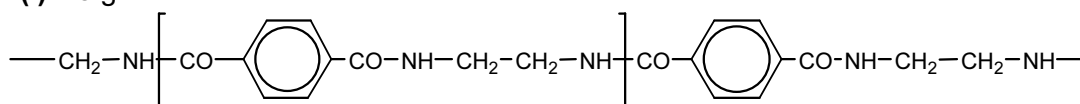
(e)



structure [1]
 at least one peptide group identified [1]

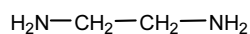
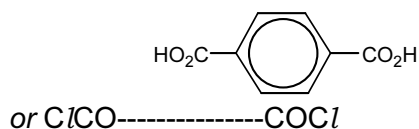
[2]

(f) (i) e.g.



[1]

(ii)



[1]

[1]

[3]

[Total: 15 max 14]

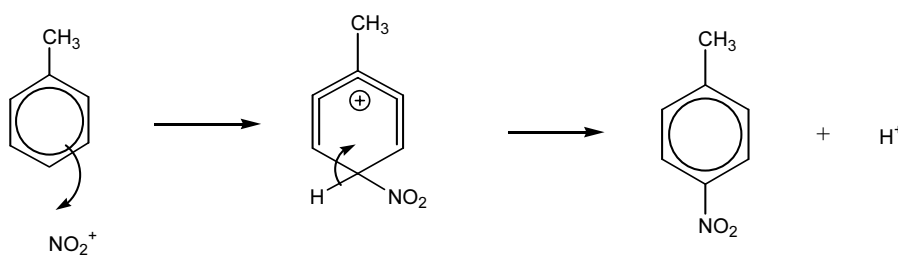
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- 5 (a) I: $\text{HNO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ (or names) [1]
 (both) conc. and at $50^\circ\text{C} < T < 60^\circ\text{C}$ ✓ [1]
 II: $\text{KMnO}_4 (+\text{OH}^-) + \text{heat}$ [1]
 III: $\text{Sn} + (\text{conc}) \text{HCl}$ [1]
 IV: $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (or name) [1]
 + c. $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{heat}$ [1]

[6]

(b)



- intermediate, including \oplus [1]
 NO_2^+ at start and H^+ at finish [1]
 (no marks for curly arrows, but if present, they must be in correct direction)

[2]

- (c) (i) ester and (primary) amine [2]
 (ii) **more basic**: amine group is *not* adjacent to benzene ring **both** points [1]
 (or lone pair (on N) is not delocalised)

[3]

[Total: 11]